

Water Resource Management: ***science, issues and strategies***

- To explore areas of agreed knowledge
- To identify gaps in the science knowledge base
- To identify the research priorities for water resource management
- To consider what and how HYDRA can contribute to addressing these priorities
- To prepare the ground for an external workshop on Water Resource Management to be held at the RGS, Autumn 2008 to which Environment Research Funders and Stakeholders will be invited

- 10.30 Overview of ERFF priorities for water resources research
- 10.45 Overview of NERC priorities for water resources research
- 11.00 Brief 5 minute overviews of current water resources research interests and activities at each institution
- 11.45 Post-It session to explore areas of agreed knowledge, and gaps in the science knowledge base
- 13.00 Lunch*
- 14.00 Briefing on key ideas from the Post-It session
- 14.15 Break-out sessions to explore priorities and strategies for future Water Resource research
- 15.30 Feedback from each group, (5 minutes each)
- 16.00 Tea and depart*

- Founded 2002
- Ensures public money for environmental research is well spent
- Members include:
 - Government departments (Defra, DfID, DfT)
 - Government agencies (Environment Agency, SEPA, Met Office)
 - Research Councils (NERC, ESRC, EPSRC)
 - Others (Natural England, CCW, SNH, EHS)
- In 2007 completed a review for Government of how environmental priorities are being addressed
- Informs Government of how environmental research contributes to a successful and sustainable UK economy

- Conducted a SWOT analysis of environmental research and knowledge within the UK
- Has reviewed existing environmental monitoring to determine whether it is fit for purpose
- Collated a single database of UK environmental research
- Is using the database to:
 - provide an overview of work funded by ERFF members to enable greater strategic co-ordination and maximise synergies
 - identify and address future priorities (gaps, opportunities and training needs) for delivering science needed to deliver the *Living with Environmental Change* initiative
- Has developed a prospectus of research priorities to deliver the UK Sustainable Development Strategy as part of its *Horizon Scanning Study*

ERFF prioritised list of the dimensions of uncertainty affecting or likely to affect the UK environment

- Cities and the environment
- Economic growth within environmental limits
- Costs and benefits of renewable energy
- Food production
- *Sustainability of the water supply*
- Changing behaviours
- Changing ecosystems
- Reducing uncertainty around climate change impacts
- Transport and mobility
- Consequences of population movement, and
- Deploying technology

The issues:

- The UK needs a long term strategy for water
- The UK water supply is currently at risk:
 - The infrastructure is in disrepair
 - There is no grid for water
 - Investment in capture systems is low
 - Groundwater pollution is a concern
 - Population increases will make supply more problematic
 - Consumers appear unaware of these issues and, perhaps, have taken water for granted

The response:

- The UK needs to view water as a strategic resource
- The UK needs to develop a strategy for a sustainable water supply
- It needs to explore options for:
 - Water capture and storage
 - Contingency plans for interruptions to supply due to natural causes or terrorist attack, for example
- Users need to see a clearer demonstration of the cost of consumption

Events and shocks that could impact on WR:

- Order of magnitude population increases due to migration
- Extreme events such as flooding or drought, [climate change]
- Dramatic price increases
- Water quality
- Chemical spills, either accidental or deliberate

Potential impacts that need to be better understood

- The impact of water shortages for agricultural and industrial use
- The impact of improved sustainable business and farming practices on water supply

High level research questions

- The effect of pricing, metering and supply shocks on consumer behaviour
- The ecological changes that could result from overuse of existing supply
- New systems of storage
- Costs, benefits and energy intensity of recycling/reusing domestic and industrial water
- Costs, benefits and energy intensity of new techniques for boosting water supply, such as desalination

Priority actions emerging from the study:

- Identify where existing research activity can answer the questions raised
- Identify where gaps in knowledge exist and use these to inform the future research agenda
- Monitor the trends that might impact on each dimension
- Ensure effective knowledge transfer between ERFF members
- Ensure its activities map onto other projects such as *Living With Environmental Change*
- ERFF members to run internal workshops to identify the strategic implications of the dimensions for their own work

Overarching themes:

- Future *research needs to anticipate what may happen*, not merely characterise what has happened
- The *environment cannot be looked at in isolation* from social and economic trends
- UK actions cannot be looked at in isolation from the rest of the world
- Policy makers need *new tools and approaches* to *help deal with the complexity and uncertainty* surrounding environmental issues
- Strong leadership to tackle these issues

A role for HYDRA?

- How do the priorities identified by ERFF map onto our knowledge of the science, gaps and issues relating to water resources and their management?
- Are there gaps in the ERFF agenda in relation to Water Resources research which HYDRA can help address?
- How can HYDRA help ERFF to meet its ambitious agenda?